## LEARNING TO SOLVE MATHEMATICS PROBLEMS IN GROUP WORK SETTINGS

Endah Retnowati (e.retno@uny.ac.id)

School of Education, University of New South Wales, Sydney NSW 2032, Australia Department of Mathematics Education, Yogyakarta State University, Indonesia

## KEYWORDS: group-work, mathematics, problem solving, cognitive load

## ABSTRACT

The use of group-work settings at schools has recently become more popular compared to the individual settings. It might be due to the assumption that students need to practice working in groups as various workplaces apparently require collaborative skills. Mathematics is studied by most students worldwide. The study reported in this article aimed at testing if students could learn solving mathematics better in group-work compared to in individual settings. Worked-example instructions to learn novel arithmetic problems for seven graders, part-to-part and part-to-whole comparisons, were developed based on Cognitive Load Theory. The investigation included whether the worked-example instruction provided a powerful tool for learning mathematics in group-work settings compare to problem solving instruction. The results showed that students were benefited from learning in group-work as much as those in individual setting. Moreover, students who were provided worked-example instructions performed significantly better that those who learned solving problems without the worked-example.

Proceedings of the Australian Conference on Science and Mathematics Education, University of Melbourne, Sept 28<sup>th</sup> to Sept 30th, 2011, page 28, ISBN Number 978-0-9871834-0-8.